

Intelligent Public Transport System (IPTS)

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Better mobility for people worldwide

UITP mission

- The international NETWORK of public transport professionals
- The point of REFERENCE for the sector
- The international FORUM for transport policy
- The ADVOCATE of public transport



A global membership

UITP represents:

- over 2,700 urban, local, regional and national mobility actors
- from more than 80 countries on all continents



One main office in Brussels Seven liaison and regional offices worldwide



A diverse membership



UITP unites the entire supply chain of public transport players

- Operating companies
- Local, regional and national authorities
- Service and supply industry
- Research institutes, academics and consultants



A diverse membership

All modes of public transport:

- Metro
- Bus
- Light rail
- Regional and suburban railways
- Waterborne

Collective transport in a broader sense:

- Taxis
- Car-sharing



Membership bodies

Modal Other working Regional Sectoral Thematic Divisions Divisions Divisions Commissions bodies Africa Industry Bus Corporate Academic Management Network Asia-Pacific Industry Trolleybus Steering **Business Forum** Human and Exhibitors' Committee Resources Light Rail Europe Information Committee Technology Information Eurasia and Service Metro Car-sharing Technology Industry European Platform and Innovation · Vehicles and Integration Regional and Equipment European Suburban Rail Design and Industry Union Marketing and Culture Product Regional Development Latin Organising Transport Security America Authorities Sustainable Waterborne Development Middle East Transport and North Africa Diversity Initiative North America Transport **Economics** Transport and Urban Life

The context of urban mobility

- Urban sprawl
- Growing car ownership
- Increasing traffic congestion
- Changing citizens' behaviour and habits
- Growing concern for environmental issues
- Insecurity feeling



Citizens' expectations for their mobility

- Speed
- Reliability
- Flexibility
- Intermodality
- Information
- Conviviality
- Comfort and services
- Safety and security



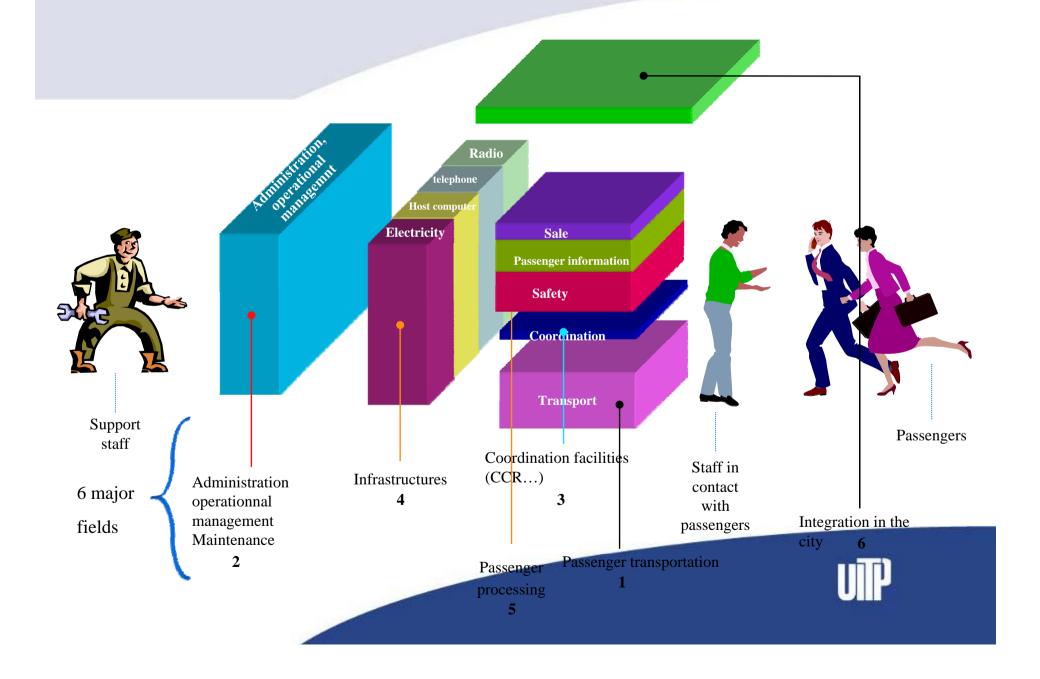
IT applications for public transport

To answer these expectations, public transport must develop IT tools on the following axes:

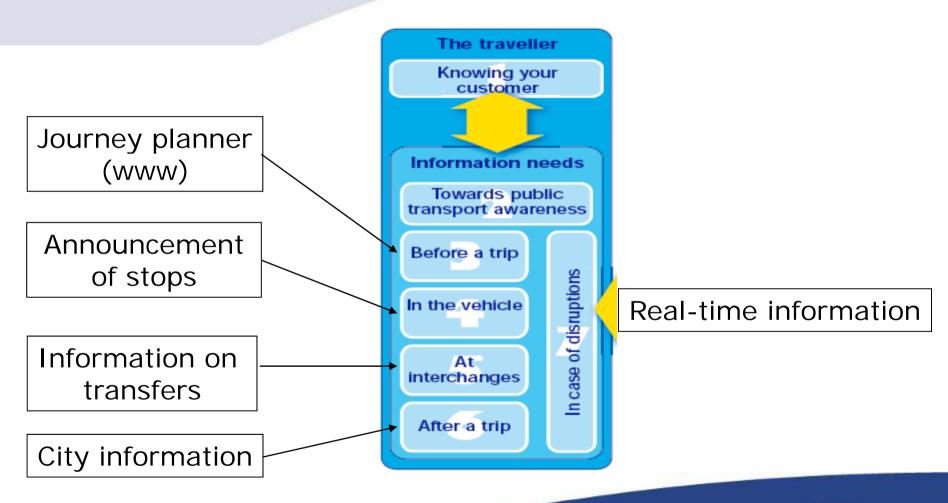
- Travel information
- Electronic ticketing
- Operational management
- Safety and security



The main functional fields of IPTS



Travel information: What and where?



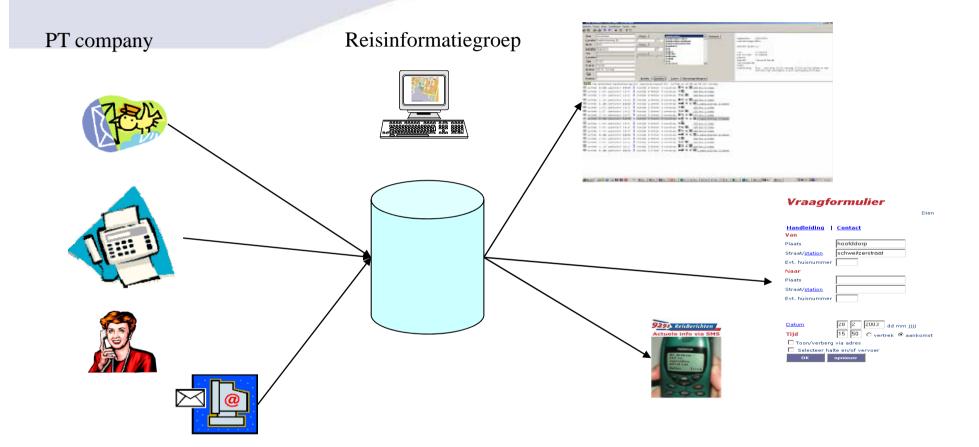


Travel information: Examples

- The Netherlands nation-wide information system: OVR-9292
- Gothenburg city-wide real-time information system
- Adelaide SMS/emails to announce service changes
- Hanover on-board monitors
- Helsinki journey planner on mobile phones



OVR 9292









makkelijk, snel, 24 uur per dag



9292 dagje uit 9292 onderweg zakelijk reizen per ov sprekende computer over 9292

Hoofdpagina > Reisadvies

REISwijzer	uitgebreid		
Van ADRES STATION Straat Huis	nummer		
Naar ADRES STATION Straat Huis	nummer		
Datum 2 v maart v Tijd 12 v 10 v • VERTREK • AANKOM	ST		
Geef reisadvies ≫			
OV-reisinformatie van deur tot deur			

Vertragingen

dinsdag, 2 maart - 12:12 uur

- Treintraject Oberhausen Hbf Arnhem vv
- Treintraject Oberhausen Hbf Arnhem vv

Geplande wijzigingen

- Connexxion bus 41, Katwijk Zeeweg
 Connexxion bus 90, Katwijk Zeeweg
- Connexxion bus 31, Katwijk Zeeweg
- Connexxion bus 54, Katwiik Zeeweg
- Connexxion bus 75, Katwijk Zeeweq

Bel 0900-9292 voor persoonlijk reisadvies of aanvullende informatie (70 cent/minuut).

> zoek op deze site Zoek 🔎

Zakelijk



REISBESCHRIJVING



Uw eigen routebeschrijving op internet.

REISKOSTENVERGOEDING



Bereken de vergoedingen voor uw medewerkers.

REISPLANNER



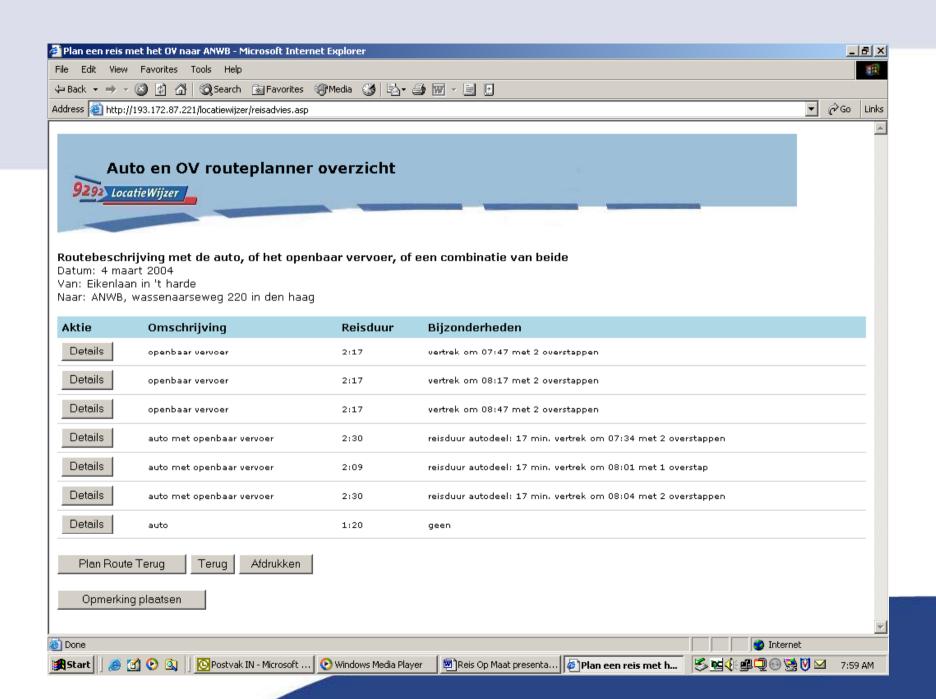
Uw eigen reisplanner stand-alone of opuw intranet.

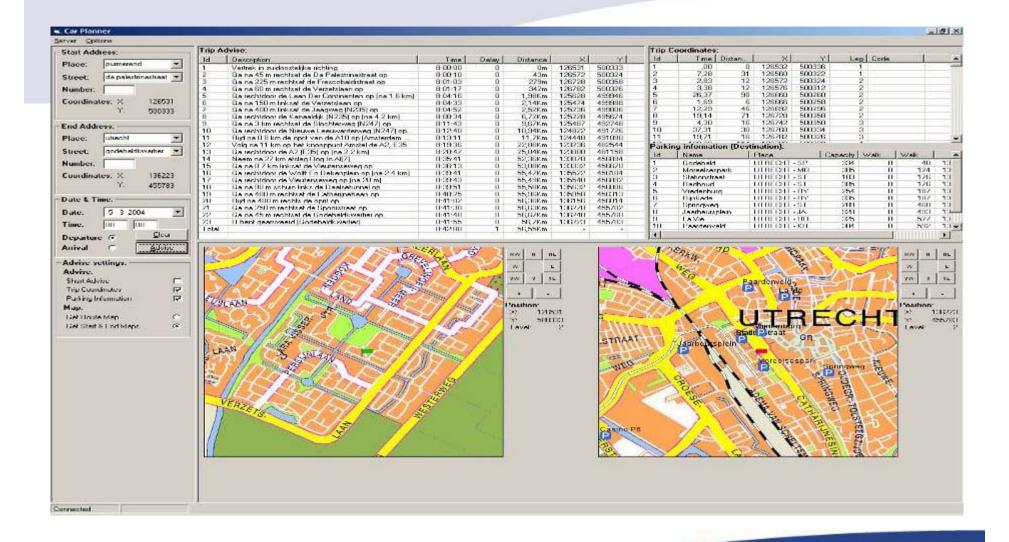


Deeplinken naar de 9292REISwijzer is niet toegestaan.

Voor informatie over commercieel gebruik van de 9292REISwijzer kunt u contact opnemen met de afdeling zakelijke producten

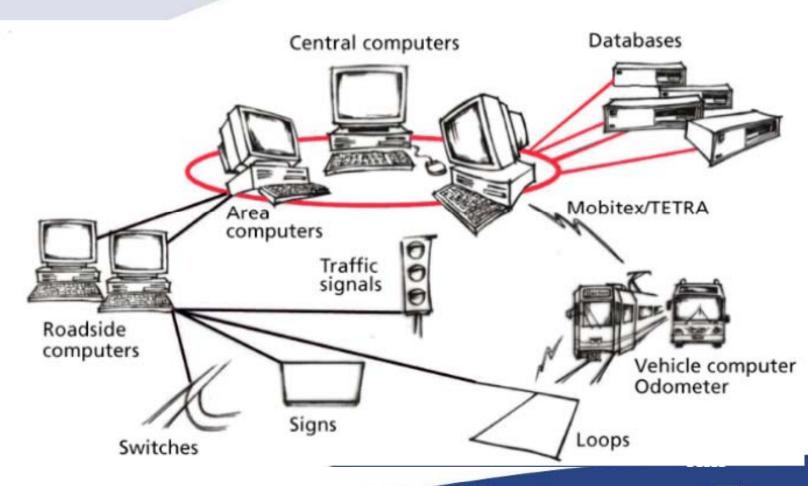




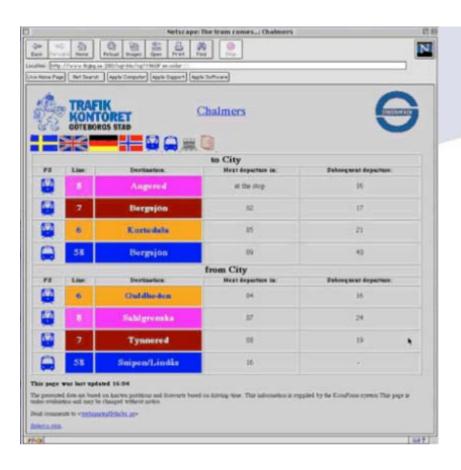




Gothenburg





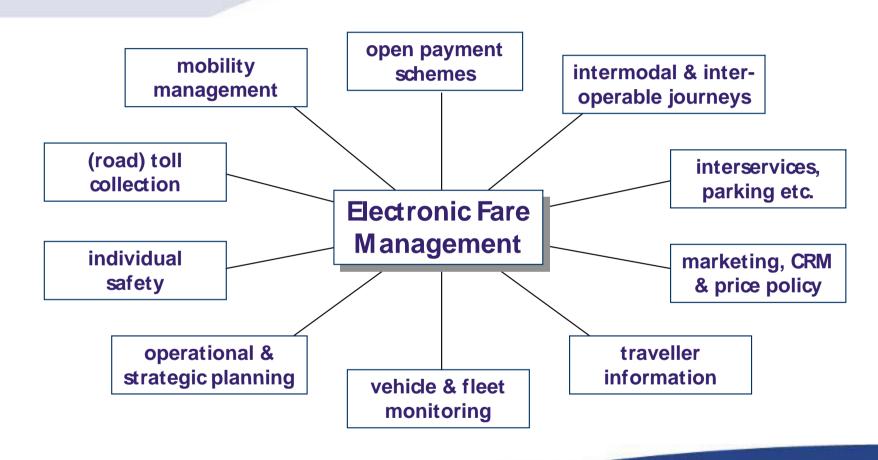






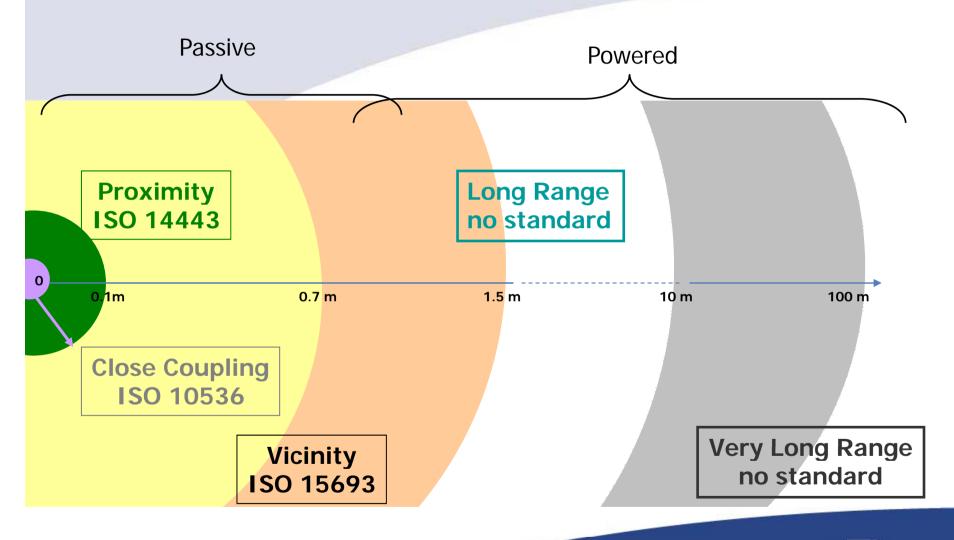


Electronic ticketing





Distance range and standards





The Contactless smart card standards

	ISO/IEC 10536	ISO/IEC 14443	ISO/IEC 15693
Clos	Close-Coupled	Proximity Cards	Vicinity Cards
	Cards	13.56 Mhz	13.56 Mhz
Distance	About 2mm	Maximum 10 cm	Up to 1m
		Conscious act	Hands Free
Main	Very Few	•Fare Collection	■Access Control
Applications		■Payment	ObjectIdentification
		High Security access control	•Personal
		access control	identification



Electronic ticketing: Benefits for the authorities

- Creation of seamless journeys in PT networks
- New Fare Media models (unification)
- Source of new marketing data
- Better control of revenues & subsidies
- Extend the scheme to other players (taxis,...)
- Projects with political connexion value



Electronic ticketing: Benefits for the operators

- Gain new customers with modern approach
- Increase their medium term operating profit
- Do not use cash anymore (heavy, dirty,.....)
- Control their cash flow availability (banks)
- Increase speed at boarding (buses)
- Valuable opportunities to add "new services"
- Source of marketing data for PT management



Electronic ticketing: Benefits for the customers

- Convenience & speed, no cash
- Seamless journeys in multimodal, multi PT schemes
- Easier ways to reload value or renew passes
- New card when it has been lost or stolen
- Additional appreciated services when available from PT or authority

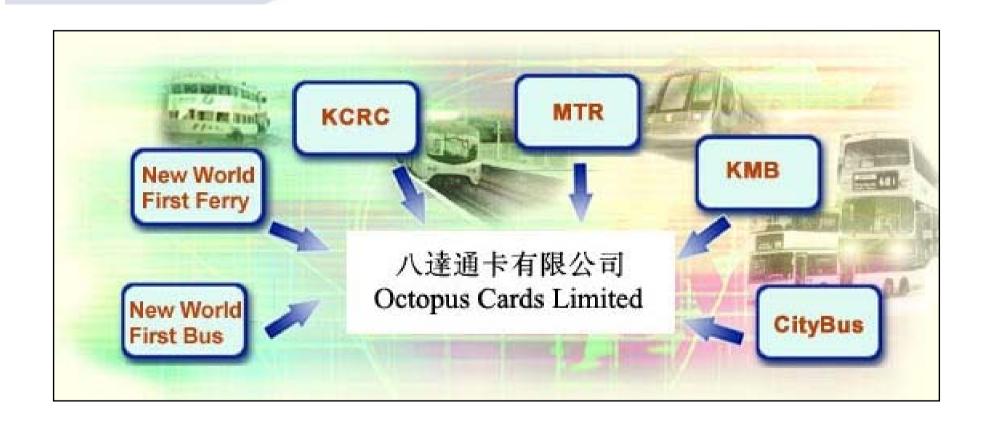


Electronic ticketing: Examples

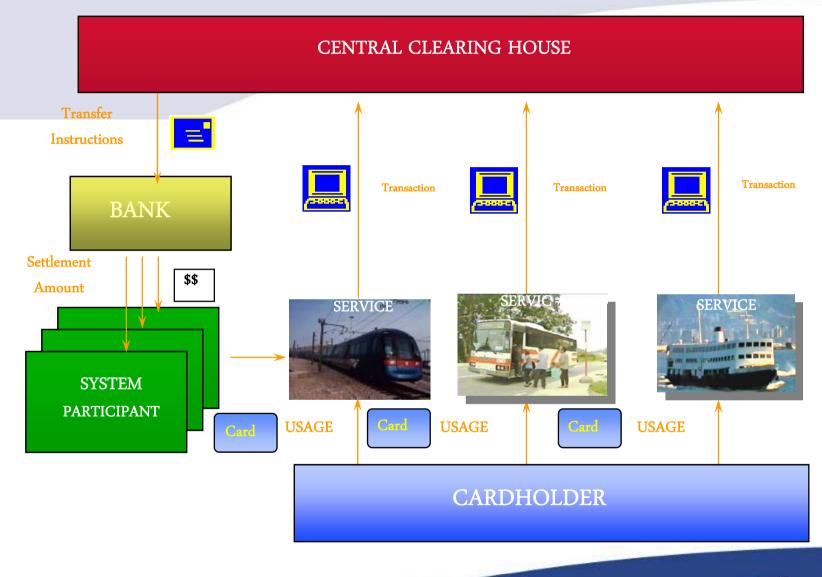
- Hong Kong's Octopus card
- London's Oyster card
- Paris' Navigo card
- Singapore ez-Link
- Helsinki mobile ticketing
- The Netherlands and Denmark nation wide cards



Octopus, Hong Kong

















Security: What IT can do?

- Detect and localize an event
- Evaluate the severity of an event (in order to take immediately the appropriate decision)
- Guidance and assistance of the emergency teams
- Permanent (real-time) information availability about events



Security: What and where?

- Control centre
- Detection of unusual manipulation of a video camera
- Detection of unusual behavior
- Object detection
- Video of past events
- Security button on smart card
- Wifi and hot spot for real time data transmission
- Audio detection
- Control of flows of passengers



Security: Examples

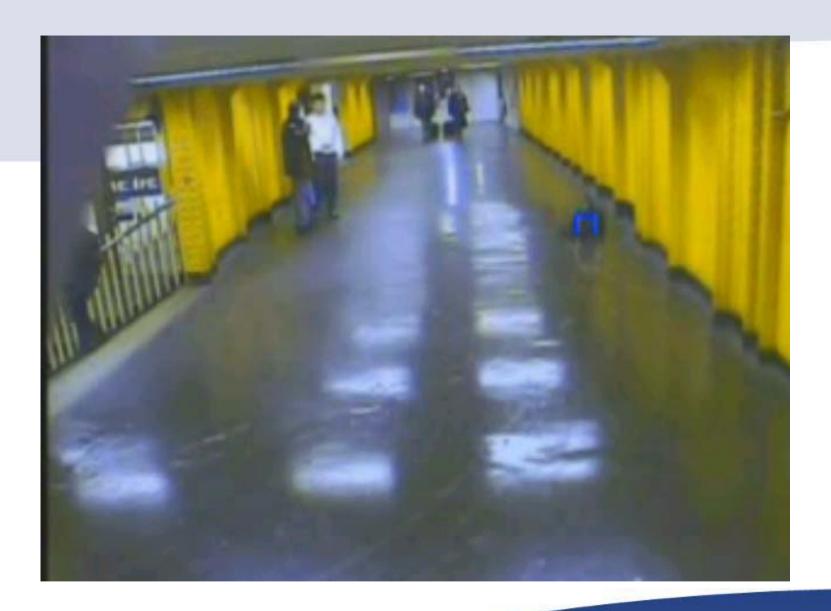
- Paris integrated security system
- Hong Kong: fare collection and access control



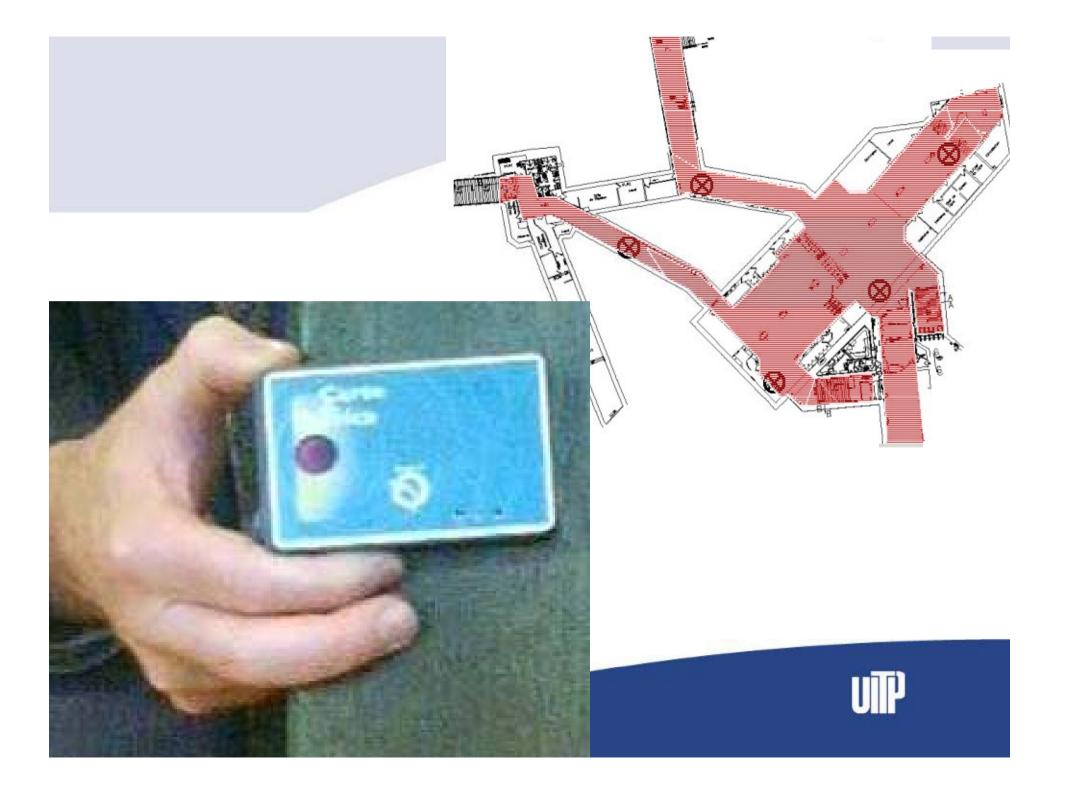
Paris

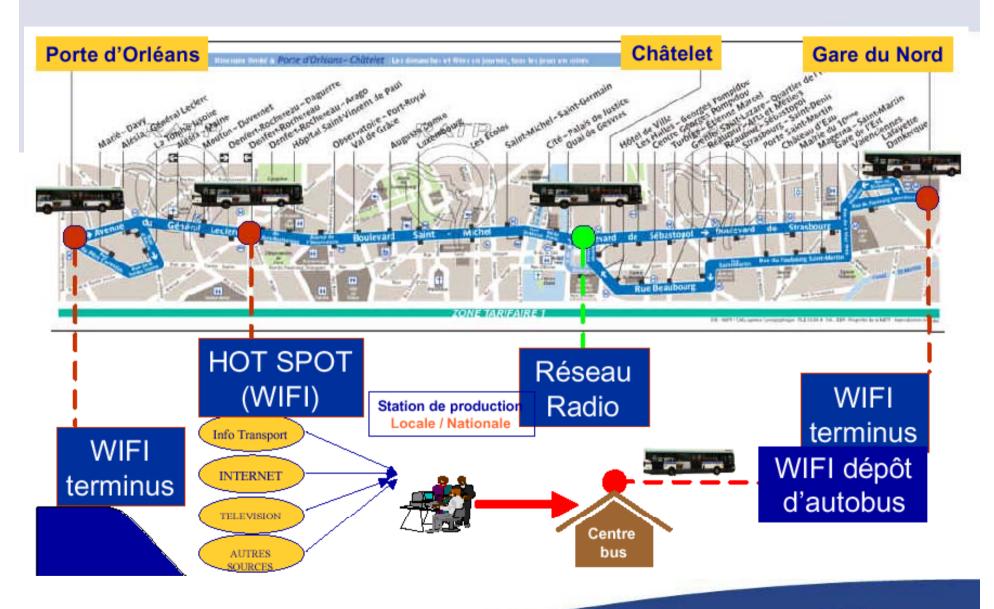


















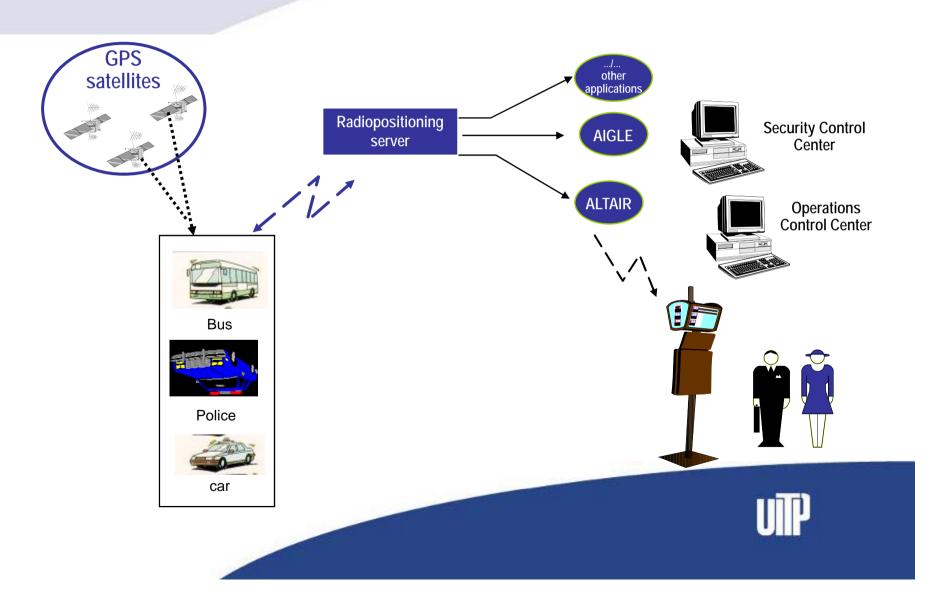
Operational management

To provide Public Transport Companies with a set of relevant operational data on the fleet network service situation:

- bus position on the network,
- actual travel time/speed,
- amount of transported passengers,
- line regularity,
- etc.

It will permit to check if the planned service is delivered and implement corrective measures if needed.

Operational management: Automated Vehicle Location (AVL)



Operational management: Benefits (1)

- More safety of drivers (voice connection and dispatching of pre-coded and alarm messages to the control room)
- Control of service operation by means of automated control commands on service regulation (i.e. bus start time at terminals) and semi-automated commands (limited trip, lost trips, insertion of new buses on the network, etc.)
- User information both on board and at bus stop, and/or with direct phone calls to the operational control room

Operational management: Benefits (2)

- Verification and optimization of the scheduling of vehicles and drivers by comparing the real service with the scheduled service
- Improved bus maintenance in terms of control of the real traveled km and bus diagnosis
- Better use of the control personnel on the road, reducing the overall task of control and concentrating it where it is really necessary
- Smooth inter-modality of all public transport modes
- Collection of updated information on service characteristics and results



Operational management: Benefits (3)

- Enhancement of the service quality perceived by the users/passengers mainly due to the increased service regularity
- Real-time information on the bus arrival time at bus stops and on the interconnection with other services (of the same or other modes)
- Onboard information on the next stop and possibility of connection with other lines and modes



The challenges of IPTS

- Satisfy customer needs
- Integration: comprehensive information and ticketing strategy
- The business case of travel information and eticketing
- Branding of public transport
- Interoperability
- Standardization
- The "big brother" issue



Conclusion

 Information technologies could improve efficiency and attractiveness of public transport

BUT

- It is not possible to control everything with information technologies
- Information technologies are a tool and will never replace a clear policy





Thank you for your attention!

www.uitp.com

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